

Financial Conflict of Interest (FCOI) Policy

SCOPE

This policy applies specifically to principal investigators and BEL employees funded by federal (including Public Health Service) grants, as described by 42 CFR 50.604(b). It is BEL's company policy that each employee reports conflicts of interest that may conflict with the objective conduct of PHS funded research.

PURPOSE

This policy provides documentation to comply with the requirements and responsibilities associated with identifying and managing financial conflicts of interest (FCOI) to ensure BEL's (Company) research integrity and comply with federal regulations.

This FCOI policy was developed to comply with the requirement for a current written and enforced FCOI policy under 42 CFR part 50 subpart F for PHS grants and cooperative agreements (and 45 CFR Part 94 for contracts). This regulation was developed to promote objectivity in research by establishing standards that provide a reasonable expectation ensuring the design, conduct, and reporting of research conducted under National Institutes of Health (NIH) grants or cooperative agreements will be free from bias resulting from Investigator financial conflicts of interest. This regulation can be found electronically at https://grants.nih.gov/grants/compliance/42_cfr_50_subpart_f.htm.

SUMMARY OF PROCESS

Significant Financial Interests (SFI; defined below) shall be disclosed to the Accounting Manager (Designating Official; defined below) using a Disclosure Form whenever an Investigator is planning on requesting government-sponsored funds for a research project. This disclosure is also required when an Investigator incurs an SFI during the course of ongoing sponsored research projects. Independently from the existence of an SFI, all Investigators and associated personnel conducting government-sponsored research are required to submit an SFI Disclosure Form annually.

The SFI Disclosure Form and any supporting materials are forwarded to the Designating Official for review. The Designating Official is responsible for evaluating and instituting a plan to manage any disclosed financial

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interests. Designating Official is also responsible for the enforcement and management of the Company FCOI policy. A review of SFI disclosures and supporting materials will be reviewed before applying for an award or incurring expenses under an award. Annual updates are required of all Investigators and key personnel participating in ongoing government-sponsored research.

TRAINING

The NIH offers a comprehensive Financial Conflict of Interest online course designed to provide educational training on what constitutes a financial conflict of interest. This course is required for anyone involved with an NIH funded project, which includes all Investigators, consultants and employees of the Company engaged in NIH-funded research or its compliance.

The course can be found at https://grants.nih.gov/grants/policy/coi/tutorial2018/story_html5.html.

Upon completion of all course modules, a certificate of completion must be turned into the Designating Official before approval of the application for grant funding. This training is required prior to engaging in research relating to any NIH-funded grant or as deemed necessary according to the FCOI policy. The FCOI training shall be completed every four years.

DEFINITIONS

The below definitions are provided for reference and are considered key definitions in understanding federal regulations according to FCOI. A complete list of official definitions can be found at 42 CFR 50.603 (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/compliance/42 cfr 50 subpart f.htm).

Designated Official is the individual designated by BEL to oversee the financial conflicts of interest process, including solicitation and review of disclosures of significant financial interests.

Equity interest includes any stock, stock option, or other ownership interest, and its value may be determined through reference to public prices or other reasonable measures of fair market value.

Institution – any domestic or foreign, public or private, entity or organization (excluding a Federal agency) applying for or receiving NIH research funding.

Investigator – defined as the project director or principal investigator (PI) and any other person, regardless of title or position, who is or will be responsible for the design, conduct, or reporting of research funded by the NIH, which may include, for example, collaborators or consultants.

Institutional responsibilities – means an Investigator's professional responsibilities on behalf of the Institution, and as defined by the Institution, including but not limited to, activities such as research, research consultation, institutional committee memberships, and service on panels such as Institutional Review Boards or Data and Safety Monitoring Boards.

Financial interest – is anything of monetary value, whether or not the value is readily ascertainable.

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This information is confidential. Reproduction, unauthorized use or disclosure to third parties is strictly prohibited. UNCONTROLLED WHEN PRINTED 500-SOP Financial Conflict of Interest Policy Financial conflict of interest (FCOI) – means a significant financial interest that could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct, or reporting of NIH-funded research.

Manage – means taking action to address a financial conflict of interest, which can include reducing or eliminating the financial conflict of interest, to ensure that the design, conduct, and reporting of research will be free from bias.

Remuneration includes, for example, salary and any payment for services not otherwise identified as salary (e.g., consulting fees, honoraria, paid authorship).

Senior/Key Personnel – is/are the PD/PI and any other person identified as senior/key personnel by the Institution in the grant application, progress report, or any other report submitted to the NIH by the Institution under the regulation.

Significant Financial Interest (SFI) -

- 1. A financial interest consisting of one or more of the following interests of the Investigator (and those of the Investigator's spouse and dependent children) that reasonably appears to be related to the Investigator's institutional responsibilities:
 - I. With regard to any publicly traded entity, a significant financial interest exists if the value of any remuneration received from the entity in the twelve months preceding the disclosure and the value of any equity interest in the entity as of the date of disclosure, when aggregated, exceeds \$5,000.
 - II. With regard to any non-publicly traded entity, a significant financial interest exists if the value of any remuneration received from the entity in the twelve months preceding the disclosure, when aggregated, exceeds \$5,000, or when the Investigator (or the Investigator's spouse or dependent children) holds any equity interest (e.g. stock, stock option, or other ownership interest); or
- III. Upon receipt of income related to intellectual property rights and interests (e.g. patents, copyrights)
- 2. Investigators also must disclose the occurrence of any reimbursed or sponsored travel (i.e., that which is paid on behalf of the Investigator and not reimbursed to the Investigator so that the exact monetary value may not be readily available), related to their institutional responsibilities, provided, however, that this disclosure requirement does not apply to travel that is reimbursed or sponsored by excluded sources provided in regulation.
- 3. The term *significant financial interest* does not include the following types of financial interests:
 - I. salary, royalties, or other remuneration paid by the Institution to the Investigator if the Investigator is currently employed or otherwise appointed by the Institution.
 - II. intellectual property rights assigned to the Institution and agreements to share in royalties related to such rights.
- III. any ownership interest in the Institution held by the Investigator, if the Institution is a commercial or for-profit organization.
- IV. income from investment vehicles, such as mutual funds and retirement accounts, as long as the Investigator does not directly control the investment decisions made in these vehicles.
- v. income from seminars, lectures, or teaching engagements sponsored by a federal, state or local government agency, an Institution of higher education as defined at 20 U.S.C. 1001(a), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center, or a research institute that is affiliated with an

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Institution of higher education; or (vi) income from service on advisory committees or review panels for a federal, state or local government agency, Institution of higher education as defied at 20 U.S.C. 1001(a), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center, or a research institute that is affiliated with an Institution of higher education.

PROCEDURES

- Identification of Persons Required to Disclose a Significant Financial Interest It shall be the responsibility of the Principal Investigator of a Research project to identify all Investigators who have an SFI requiring disclosure under this policy and to ensure that a SFI Disclosure Form is prepared and submitted. In addition, the Principal Investigator shall be responsible for ensuring that annual updates and disclosures of new or increased financial interests are disclosed.
- 2. Submission and Review of Significant Financial Interest Disclosure Form Every individual having a SFI requiring disclosure under this policy shall prepare a fully completed SFI Disclosure Form that shall be submitted to the Designating Official. An initial review of the SFI Disclosure Form will be conducted by the Designated Official to determine whether a potential for conflict of interest exists. If it is determined that there is a potential conflict of interest, then steps will be taken to determine what measures are needed to address the SFI identified in the SFI Disclosure Form. A management plan may be required to outline the terms, conditions and restrictions, if any, to ensure compliance with this policy. The management plan may require one or more of the following actions (but not limited to) to be taken in order to manage, reduce or eliminate any actual or potential conflict of interest:
 - Public disclosure of significant financial interests.
 - Review of research protocols by independent reviewers.
 - Monitoring of research by independent reviewers.
 - Modification of research plan.
 - o Disqualification from participation in all or a portion of the research funded.
 - Divesture of significant financial interests.
 - Severance of relationships that create actual or potential conflicts

All management plans are required to be signed by the Investigator and the Designating Official. Compliance of the management plan shall be monitored by the Designating Official.

- Annual Reporting and After-Acquired Significant Financial Interests All Investigators shall provide annual SFI Disclosure reports or more frequently if required by the management plan. Any Investigator who acquires a new or increased SFI shall promptly submit a new SFI Disclosure Form within 30 days of discovering or acquiring the new SFI. It is the Principal Investigator's responsibility to ensure that any newly acquired Investigator on a research project submits the required SFI report to the Designated Official.
- 2. Violations of Conflict-of-Interest Policy Investigators are expected to comply fully with this policy. Whenever a person has violated this policy, including failure to make a required disclosure of financial interests or failure to comply with a requirement of the management plan, the Designating Official shall make recommendations to the CEO regarding the impositions of sanctions or disciplinary proceedings against the violating individual.

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- 3. In addition, the Company shall follow Federal regulations regarding the notification of the sponsoring agency in the event an Investigator has failed to comply with this policy. The federal agency may take its own action as it deems appropriate, including the suspension of the funding for the Investigator until the matter is resolved.
- 4. Record Keeping Records of Investigator SFI Disclosure forms, and of actions taken to manage actual or potential conflicts of interest, shall be retained by the Finance Department for three years from the date the final expenditure report is submitted to the NIH, or as required by 45 CFR 74.53(b) and 92.42(b) for different situations.
- 5. Sub-recipient Requirements Sub-award recipients must comply with this policy or provide certification that their organization is in compliance with the Federal policy, 2011 Revised Financial Conflict of Interest Regulation, Promoting Objectivity in Research (42 CFR part 50 subpart F) and that their portion of the research project, as detailed in their sub-award agreement, is in compliance with their institutional policies. If a SFI is identified by the sub-award recipient, they are required to notify the Designating Official of the existence of the conflicting interest within 30 days of the identification of the interest. In addition, the sub-award recipient must certify and assure that any reported conflicting interest has been managed, reduced or eliminated in accordance with federal regulations.
- 6. Federal Reporting The Designating Official is responsible for the reporting disposition of matters involving disclosures of SFI in accordance with applicable federal requirements. The following reports are required by the NIH:
 - I. Initial report prior to the Company's expenditure of any funds under a NIH-funded research project, the Company must provide to the NIH an FCOI report regarding any Investigator SFI found by the Company to be a financial conflict of interest in accordance with the regulation.
 - II. During on-going NIH-funded research projects the Company shall submit an FCOI report within 60 days after its determination that a new FCOI exists. If a FCOI was not disclosed timely, the Company shall submit a FCOI report to the NIH within 60 days of the discovery, as well as complete a retrospective review within 120 days of discovery of noncompliance.
 - III. Annual FCOI report For any FCOI previously reported to the NIH, the Company shall provide an annual FCOI report addressing the status of the FCOI and any changes to its related management plan.

CONFIDENTIALITY

BEL will protect the confidentiality of disclosures. In every instance, BEL will endeavor to balance the privacy interests of individuals with its responsibility and obligation to identify and manage conflicts of interest. Disclosures will be available to BEL staff only on a need-to-know basis and will not be disclosed outside of BEL unless necessary to comply with contractual, legal, or regulatory requirements.

RELATED ATTACHMENTS

500A-FRM Financial Interest Disclosure

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